

## Facilitation Hints for Group Leaders

- 1. <u>Initiate</u> agenda items or proposals for members to consider, and bring matters before the group on which they may want to take action.
- 2. **Facilitate** deliberations of the group in order to make it easier for them to conduct the business that has brought them together.
- 3. Keep things moving: Know and use Parliamentary Procedure, if applicable.
- 4. **Avoid long explanations and speeches:** Your job shouldn't usually be to give facts; if you do have information to give, wait until all others have spoken.
- 5. **Turn over the chair** if you must speak or have a conflict of interest on an item.
- 6. <u>Watch for non-verbal cues</u> indicating people's readiness to speak, agreement or disagreement, boredom, anger, etc.
- 7. **Use your authority** when appropriate; don't hesitate to use your influence if things get bogged down or difficult.
- 8. <u>Handle business by general consensus</u> where appropriate; people tend to support action when their opinion is heard and they have contributed to the decision-making process. Resist voting prematurely; allow everyone to express their opinion and encourage alternative points of view. Don't accept silence as agreement; push group for comments and opinions.
- 9. **<u>Encourage</u>** a free and complete discussion of matters before the group.
  - a. Keep the discussion balanced.
  - b. Try to give every member a chance to speak once on an issue before another member is permitted to speak twice.
  - c. Keep speakers on the subject when their comments have wandered. Interrupt when needed.
  - d. When the group is too large for everyone to speak or too intimidating for some, consider breaking into smaller groups for discussion.
  - e. If the subject is complex and more facts are needed to reach a high quality decision, consider delegating it to a committee for more intense review.
- 10. **Summarize, clarify and restate** the main points of discussion to reduce redundancy and keep discussion moving.